



Systems and Software

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Integrity ★ Service ★ Excellence

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2013 AFOSR SPRING REVIEW



NAME: Systems and Software

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF PORTFOLIO:

- **Enable quantifiable performance evaluation of critical systems**
- **Manage environments in order to preserve vital mission functions**
- **Comprehensively understand distributed effects in large infrastructures to predict global system failures**

LIST SUB-AREAS IN PORTFOLIO:

- **Composeable Dynamic Models**
- **Formal Analysis and Verification**
- **Assessment/Repair of Failure**



Current Program Scope



- **Composeable Dynamic Models**
 - New programming languages or language constructs reduce errors at run-time
 - Domain-specific languages enhance capabilities for code generation
- **Dynamic Formal Analysis and Verification**
 - Verification of system properties based on formal specifications
- **Assessment/Repair of Failure**
 - Abstract models of systems and their interactions facilitate automated generation of code



Scalable Model Checking

C. Tinelli U Iowa, C. Barret, NYU



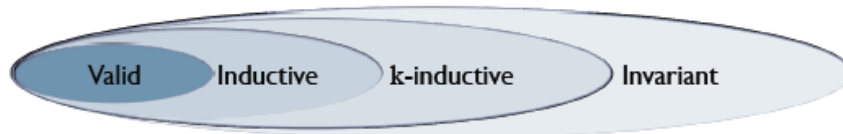
Approach: Formal verification suffers from state space explosion.

Compactly represent logical symbols in scalable nested satisfiability modulo theory (SMT)

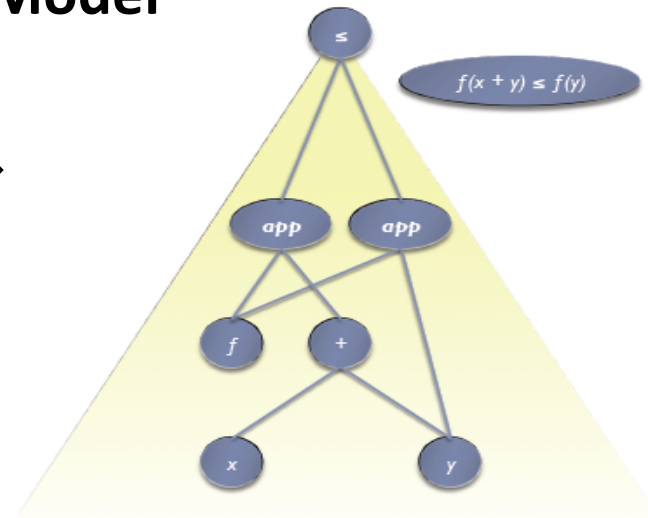
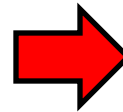
Payoff: More scalable verification to handle large heterogeneous systems

Compact SMT Language

- ▶ **Valid:**
 - ▶ satisfied by all states in Q
- ▶ **Inductive:**
 - ▶ $I(s_0) \models P(s_0)$,
 - ▶ $P(s_n), T(s_n, s_{n+1}) \models P(s_{n+1})$
- ▶ **k-inductive:**
 - ▶ $I(s_0), T(s_0, s_1), \dots, T(s_{k-1}, s_k) \models P(s_0), \dots, P(s_k)$,
 - ▶ $T(s_n, s_{n+1}), \dots, T(s_{n+k}, s_{n+k+1}), P(s_n), \dots, P(s_{n+k}) \models P(s_{n+k+1})$
- ▶ **Invariant:**
 - ▶ satisfied by all reachable states of S



Improved Lower Dimensional Model





Stochastic Methods for Dynamic Scalable System Verification

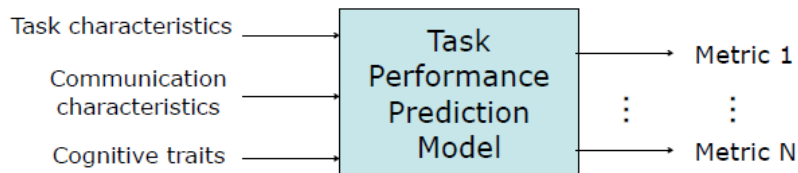
Mark Campbell, Cornell



Approach: Heterogeneous and uncertain states characterize system performance across multiple levels of software. Using stochastic models can enable robust characterization for system performance verification

Payoff: Computationally tractable ways of system performance verification at multiple layers of software including human interaction

System Performance Model

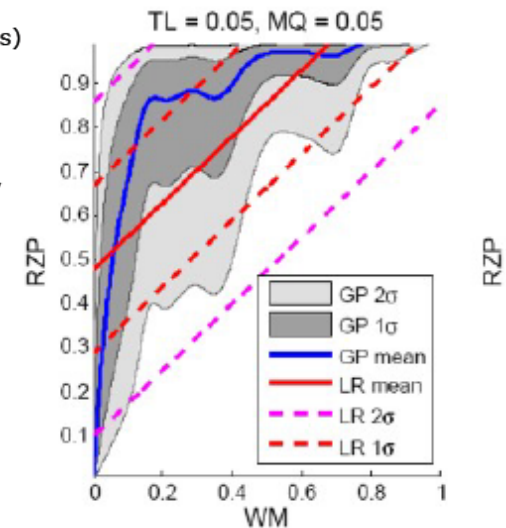


System Performance Model

TL = Task load (# enemies)

MQ = Message quality
(% relevant messages)

WM = Working memory
(OSPAN)
= Gaussian noise
(fixed std dev)





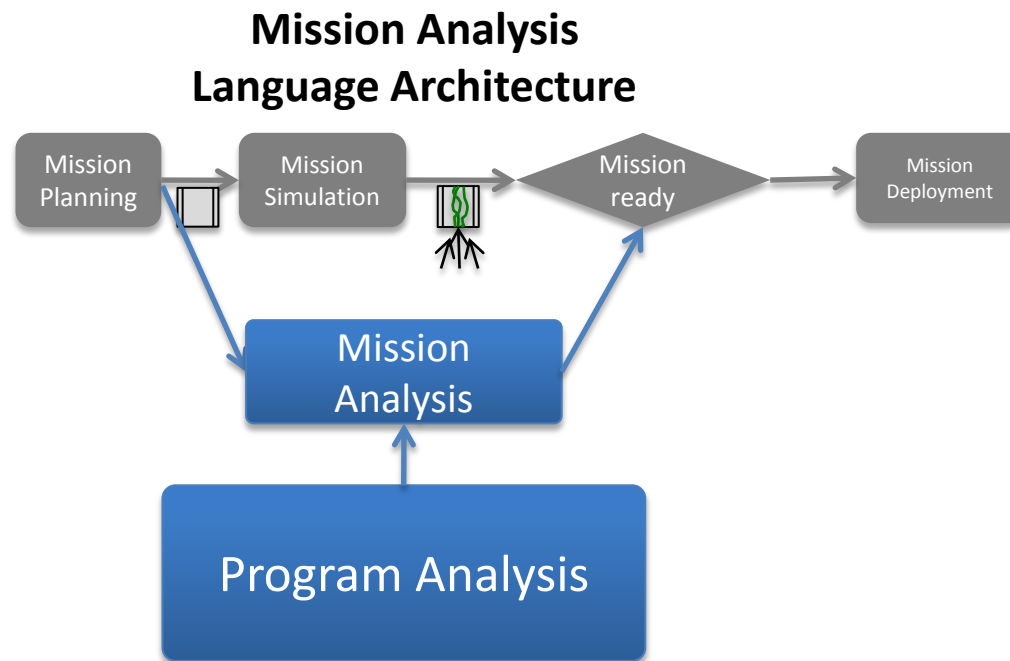
Mission Verification

Elbaum, Dwyer U. Neb., Rosenblum



Approach: Develop a language to represent mission scenarios tied to integrated distributed software architecture.

Payoff: Verify global mission properties as function of lower level software constructs for quantifiable fault tolerance in achieving mission objectives



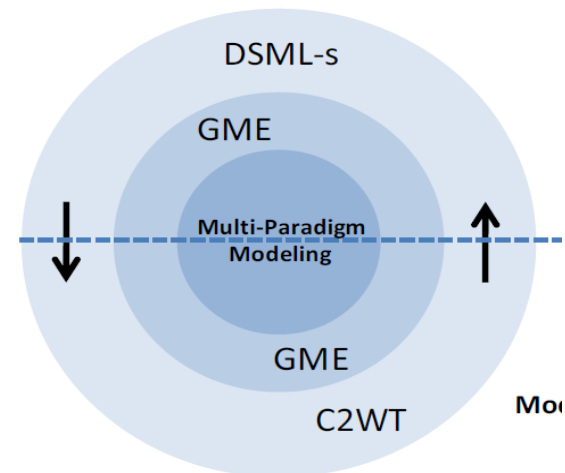
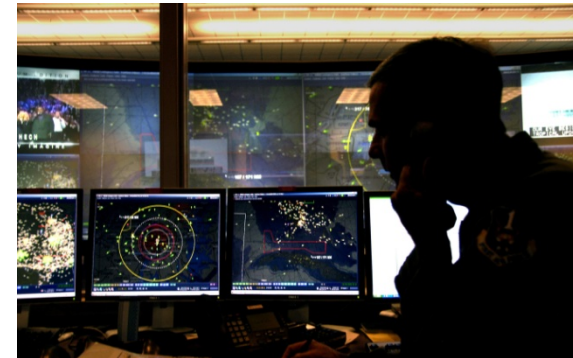


Systems and Software

AFRL Tech Directorate Interest/Coordination



- Information Directorate
 - Systems and Software Producibility
 - Multi-core Computing
- Air Vehicles
 - Flight-critical systems and software
 - Mixed-criticality architectures
- Human Effectiveness
 - Modeling of human-machine systems
 - Meta-information portrayal STTR
 - Robust Decision Making
 - Large Scale Cognitive Modeling/C2WT





Increased Scale/Integration via DSMLs Anchored in DEVS

(Douglass, 711th HPW/RH)



DEVS (*discrete event system specification*)

- Formal rigor
- Model reusability
- Interoperability

A *discrete event system specification (DEVS)* is a mathematical structure (7-tuple)

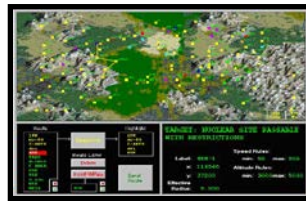
$$M = \langle X, S, Y, \delta_{int}, \delta_{ext}, \lambda, ta \rangle$$

where

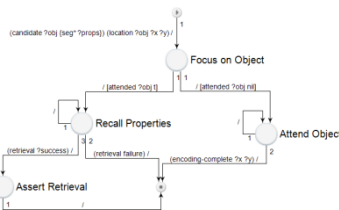
X	is the set of input values
S	is a set of states
Y	is the set of output values
$\delta_{int} : S \rightarrow S$	is the internal transition function
$\delta_{ext} : Q \times X \rightarrow S$	is the external transition function
$\lambda : S \rightarrow Y$	is the output function
$ta : S \rightarrow R_{0,\infty}$	is the time advance function



Navigator



Plans routes from targets to targets under constraints



Domain-Specific Languages

- Tailored for cognitive modeling
- Semantically anchored in DEVS

High-Performance Computing

- Scalable simulation infrastructure
- Exploiting 25 years of DEVS

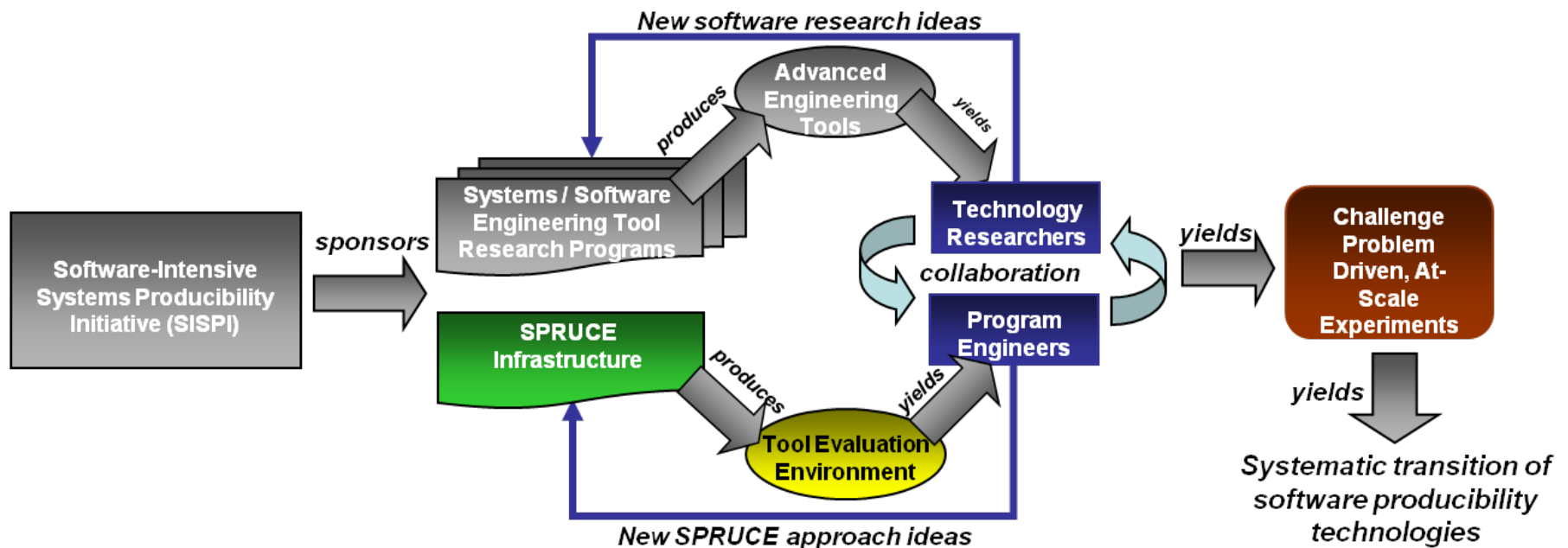


Drager/RI



Approach: Use parallel processing resources and network infrastructure as means of emulating and detecting system faults

Payoff: Far fewer defects and more detailed assessment of integrated system performance





Collaborations at AFOSR

- **Information Operations and Security**
 - Fundamental software constructs for system security
- **Information Fusion**
 - Signal and sensor processing for integration of large data into systems architectures
- ***Complex Networks***
 - Mathematical and statistical methods for network and networked systems
- ***Foundations of Information Systems***
 - Measurement and statistical verification for software, network, and hardware
- **Computational Mathematics**
 - Methods of computational modeling of large complex physical processes
- **Dynamic Data Driven Applications Systems**
 - Strategies for real time feedback of data into distributed computational processes
- **Optimization and Discrete Mathematics**
 - Optimization strategies and algorithms for discrete computational processes
- ***Dynamics and Control***
 - Dynamical systems theory for assessment of performance of control architectures



Systems and Software

Agency Interaction & Funding Agencies



Agency Interactions:

- **OSTP/NITRD Coordinating Group**
 - High Confidence Systems and Software (HCSS)
- **ASDR&E**
 - Software Producibility Initiative
- **NSF**
 - Cyber Physical Systems
- **NASA**
 - V&V of Flight Critical Systems
 - Ames Research Laboratory

Other Funding Agencies

- **ARO**
- **ONR**
- **DARPA**